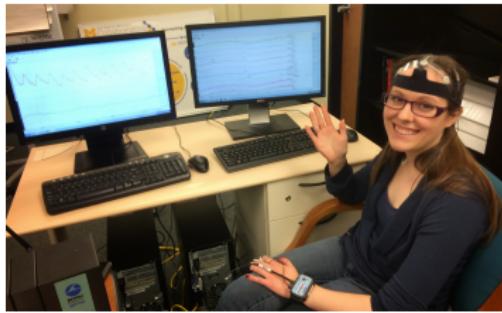


Regression Spline Mixed Models for Analyzing EEG Data and Event-Related Potentials

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Department of Statistics & BioSocial Methods Collaborative

UseR! 2015



Event-Related Potential (ERP) Data

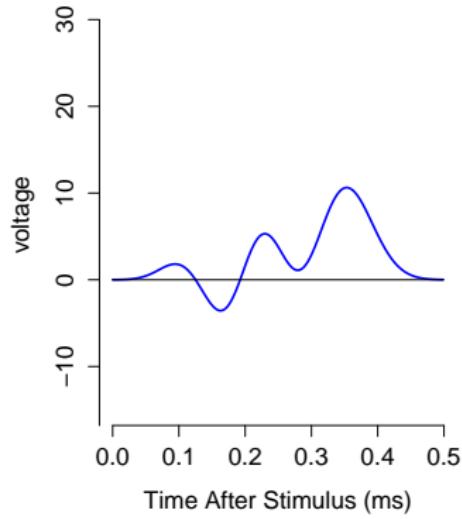


Figure: Simulated ERP Data

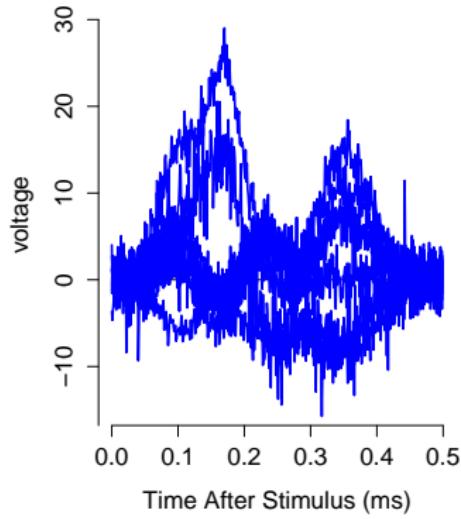


Figure: Actual ERP Data - Messy!

Simulation using *eegkit* package in R.

Theory

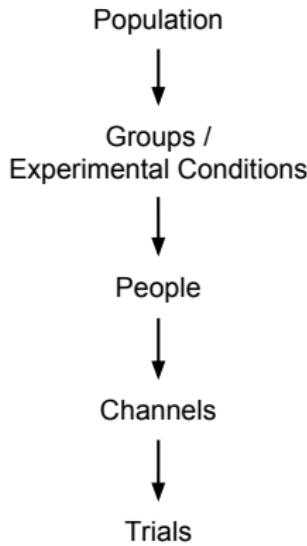


Figure: Data is organized in a hierarchy

Practice

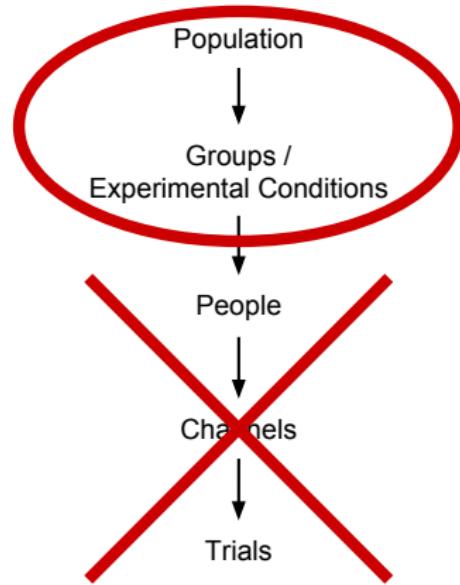


Figure: Current methods ignore lower levels

Theory

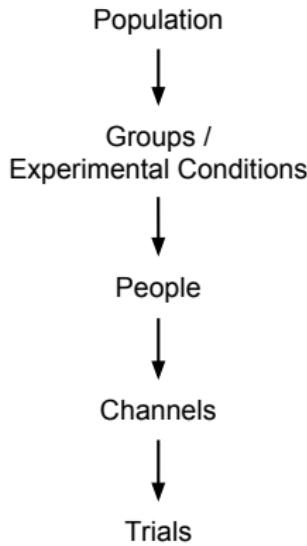


Figure: Data is organized in a hierarchy

Practice

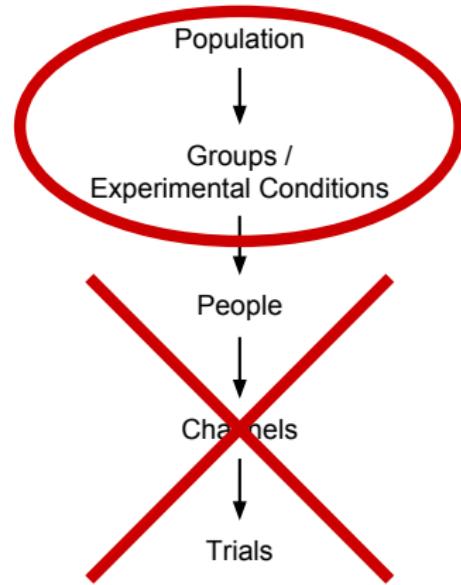
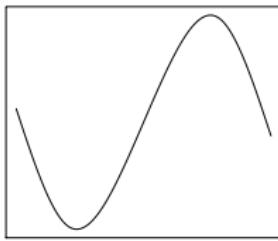


Figure: Current methods ignore lower levels



Fixed Effects Spline Curve for Channels 3–10 For 1 Individual

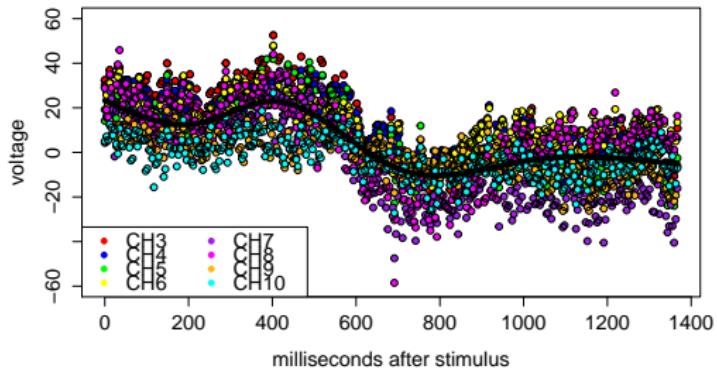


Figure: A Cubic Spline

Figure: Actual ERP Data

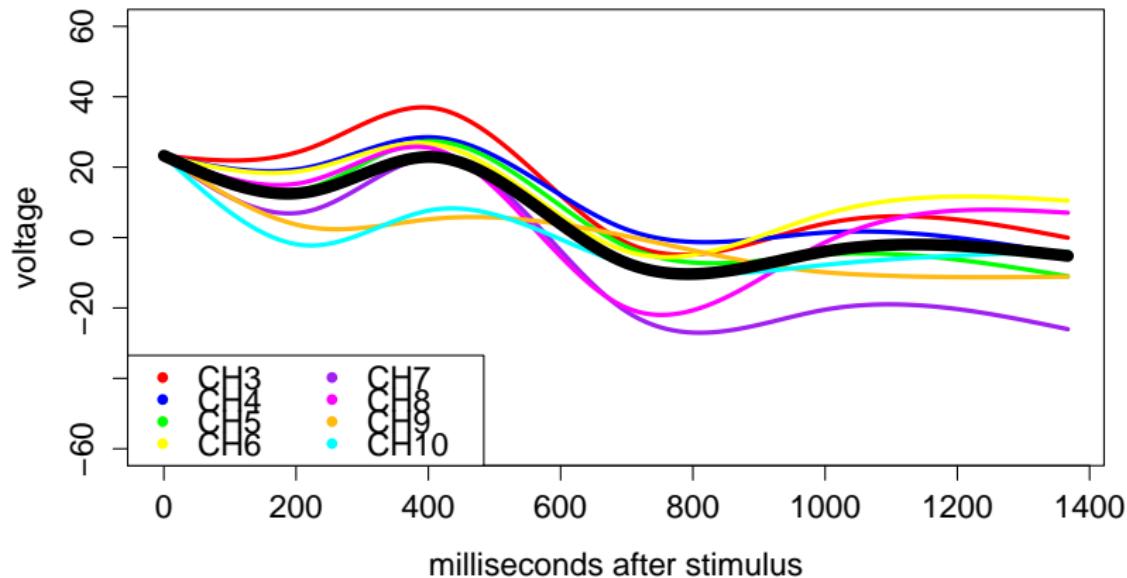


Figure: Regression Splines for each channel (colors) and overall fit (solid)

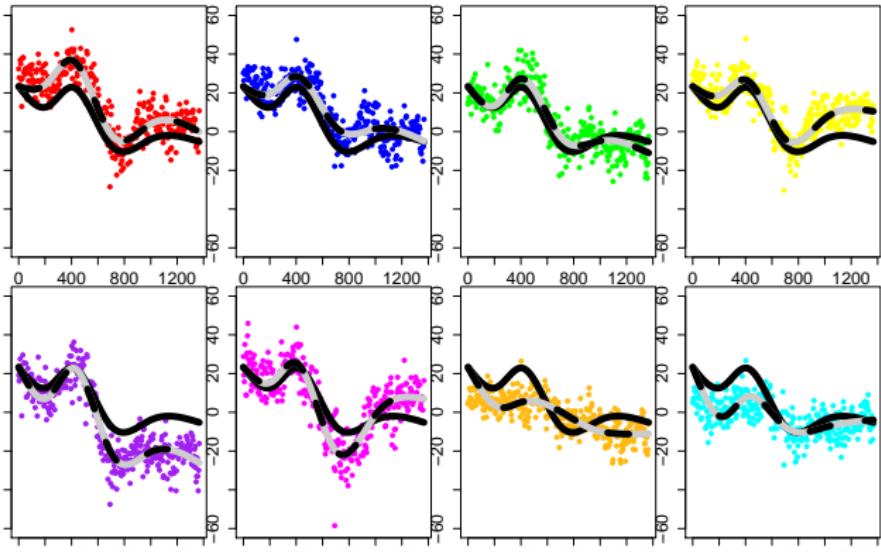


Figure: Regression Splines for each channel (dashed) and overall fit (solid)

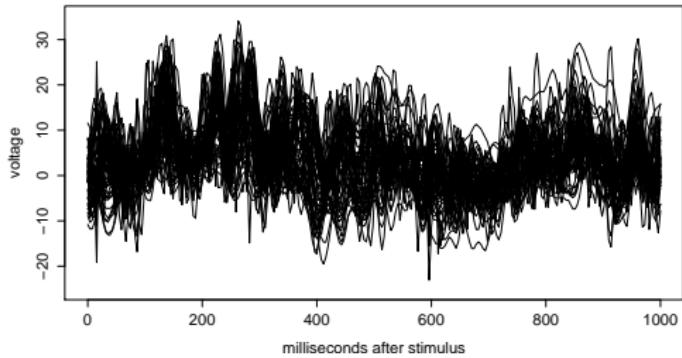


Figure: ERP data with time- and amplitude-varying clusters

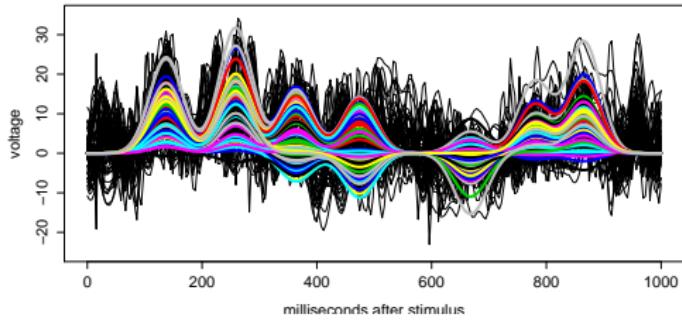


Figure: 7 normal kernels are fit to the channels, with fixed time locations.

```

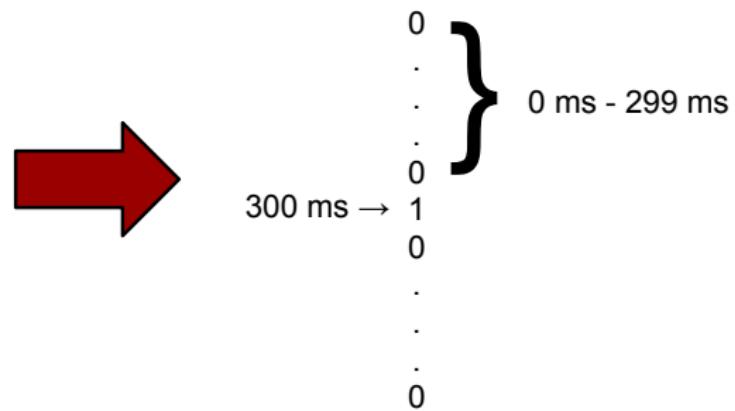
reshape(data,
        varying=c("CH2", ..., "CH64"),
        v.names="voltage",
        timevar="channel",
        times=c("CH2", ..., "CH64"),
        direction="long"))

```

subj	trial	channel	time	voltage
1	1	1	1	7.749
1	1	1	2	5.231
1	1	1	3	-12.071
1	1	1	4	2.810
1	1	1	5	14.702
1	1	2	1	-1.472
1	1	2	2	-1.961
1	1	2	3	4.795
1	1	2	4	0.493
1	1	2	5	-4.327
1	2	1	1	-9.247
1	2	1	2	8.576
1	2	1	3	-6.839
1	2	1	4	12.489
1	2	1	5	11.944
1	2	2	1	-10.081
1	2	2	2	1.587
1	2	2	3	-8.330
1	2	2	4	-2.444
1	2	2	5	7.906
2	1	1	1	-1.764
2	1	1	2	6.341
2	1	1	3	20.570

Figure: Data in long format

Basis Set:



R stuff

lmer(voltage

basis1 + ... + basisN +

(basis1+...+ basisN | group),

data)

```
> model1
Nonlinear mixed-effects model fit by maximum likelihood
  Model: (voltage) ~ mixnl(times, b1, m1)
  Data: simdata
  Log-likelihood: -122237.35
  Fixed: b1 + m1 ~ 1
           b1          m1
  1.6751424 0.3506333

Random effects:
  Formula: b1 ~ 1 | group
            b1 Residual
  StdDev: 9.213658 5.148868

Number of Observations: 4000
Number of Groups: 2
```

Figure: Example output

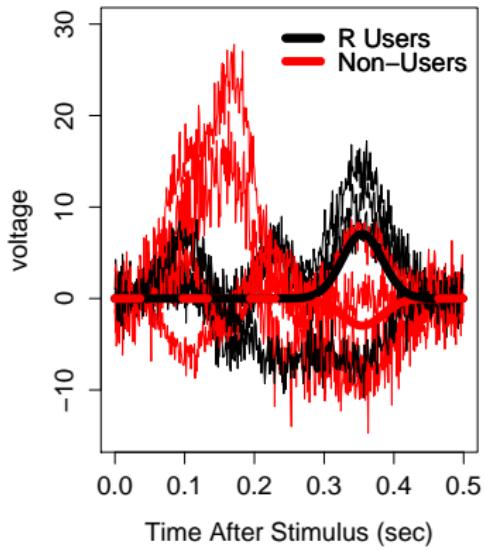


Figure: R users have a greater P300 peak amplitude...

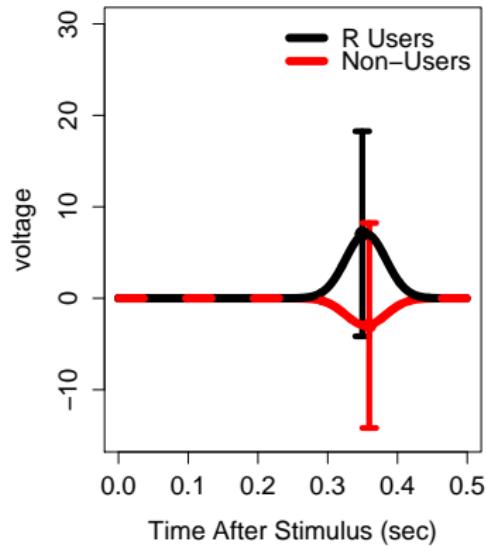


Figure: But the difference is not significant.

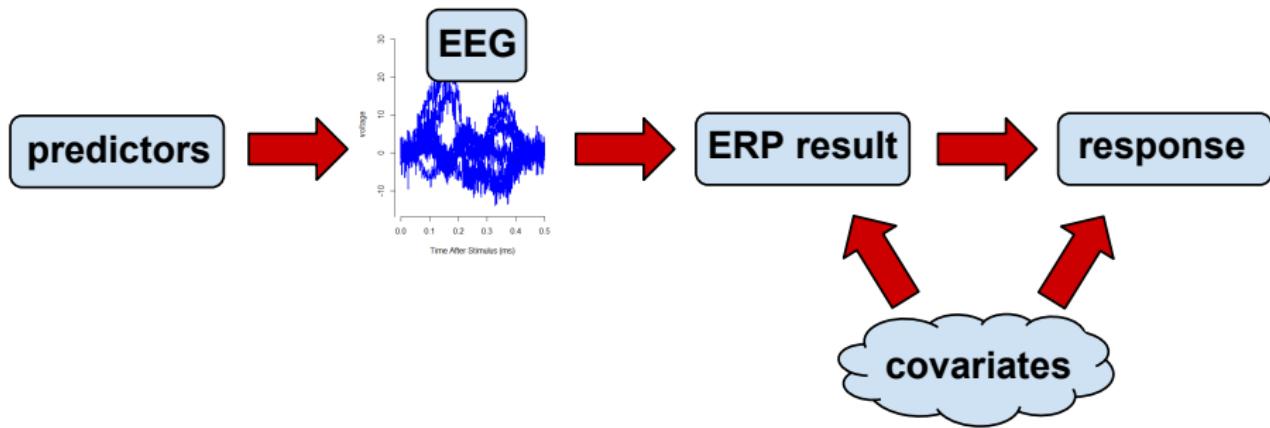
Benefits of R Workflow

- Open source (not pre-packaged, black-box)
- Stats-oriented
- Area of opportunity



Future Work

- Go beyond model creation
- Include other covariates
- Spatial correlations for channels
- Standard processing stream for ERPs



Thanks!

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