



# testwhat

taking testing to another level

Filip Schouwenaars  
filip@datacamp.com

# DataCamp

- Interactive Online Data Science School
- Coding challenges
- Tailored feedback

# Example

- Assign 10 to the variable x

```
> a <- 7
```

```
> x <- 8
```

```
> x <- 10
```

✘ **Incorrect submission**

Did you define `x`?

✘ **Incorrect submission**

It looks like you didn't assign the correct value to `x`.

Great! Head over to the next exercise!

✔ Next Exercise

# Unit Testing in R

testthat (Hadley Wickham)

```
hypothenuse <- function(a,b) {  
  return("I love useR")  
}
```

```
# Assign 10 to the variable x  
x <- 8
```

```
test_that("hypothenuse works", {  
  expect_that(hypothenuse(3,4), equals(5))  
  expect_that(hypothenuse(2,0), equals(2))  
})
```

```
test_that("x is defined correctly", {  
  expect_that(exists("x"), is_true())  
  expect_that(x, equals(10))  
})
```

```
> test_file("test-hypothenuse.r")  
  
1. Failure: hypothenuse() works -----  
hypothenuse(3, 4) not equal to 5  
Mean relative difference: 0.2788897.
```

```
> test_file("test-exercise.r")  
  
1. Failure: x is defined correctly -----  
x not equal to 10  
Mean relative difference: 0.2.
```

# But what about...

- A student correctly performed a t-test?

```
> t.test(df$post, df$pre)
```

- Correctly used `.N` and `by` in `data.table`?

```
> DT[, .N, by=10*round(Sepal.Length*Sepal.Width/10)]
```

- Correctly created `ggvis` plot?

```
> pressure %>%  
  ggvis(~temperature, ~pressure, fill := ~black) %>%  
  layer_points()
```

# Unit Testing for DataCamp

- Convenient wrapper functions:  
`test_object()`  
`test_function()`  
`test_output_contains()`  
...  
All use `test_that()` - `expect_that()` construct
- Leverage `testthat`'s resilience

# test\_object()

```
# Assign 10 to the variable x  
x <- 8
```

student

```
# Assign 10 to the variable x  
x <- 10
```

solution

```
# SUBMISSION CORRECTNESS TEST  
test_object("x")  
})
```

```
> test_exercise()  
List of 2  
 $ : logi FALSE  
 $ : chr "It looks like you didn't assign  
the correct value to x."
```

# test\_object()

```
# Assign 10 to the variable x
x <- 10
x <- (function(){ return(10) })() student
```

```
# Assign 10 to the variable x
x <- 10
```

solution

```
# SUBMISSION CORRECTNESS TEST
test_object("x")
```

```
> test_exercise()
List of 2
 $ : logi TRUE
 $ : chr "You're a coding rockstar!"
```

# test\_function()

```
rnorm(100, sd = 3)
rnorm(100, 0, 3)
rnorm(sd = 3, n = 100)
x <- 100
rnorm(x, sd = 3)
...
```

student

```
rnorm(100, sd = 3)
```

solution

```
# SUBMISSION CORRECTNESS TEST
test_function("rnorm", args = c("n", "sd"))
```

```
> test_exercise()
List of 2
 $ : logi TRUE
 $ : chr "Nice code!"
```

# test\_function()

```
rnorm(90, sd = 3)
```

student

```
rnorm(100, sd = 3)
```

solution

```
# SUBMISSION CORRECTNESS TEST  
test_function("rnorm", args = c("n", "sd"))
```

```
> test_exercise()  
List of 2  
 $ : logi TRUE  
 $ : chr "It looks like you didn't set the  
correct value for the argument n in the function  
rnorm()."
```

# DataCampReporter

```
1. Failure: x is defined correctly ----  
x not equal to 10  
Mean relative difference: 0.2.
```



```
List of 2  
 $ : logi FALSE  
 $ : chr "It looks like you didn't  
assign the correct value to x."
```

# Custom Feedback

```
# Assign 10 to the variable x  
x <- 8
```

student

```
# Assign 10 to the variable x  
x <- 10
```

solution

```
# SUBMISSION CORRECTNESS TEST  
test_object("x",  
            incorrect_msg = "Segmentation fault!")
```

```
> test_exercise()  
List of 2  
 $ : logi FALSE  
 $ : chr "Segmentation fault!"
```

# More information

- Feel free to contribute  
[www.github.com/Data-Camp/testwhat](https://www.github.com/Data-Camp/testwhat)
- One month access to DataCamp  
[www.datacamp.com/useR2015](https://www.datacamp.com/useR2015)
- Create courses for datacamp  
[teach.datacamp.com](https://teach.datacamp.com)
- We're hiring!  
[www.datacamp.com/careers](https://www.datacamp.com/careers)



# Questions?

Filip Schouwenaars  
filip@datacamp.com